Wind-diesel systems on two Estonian islands: Osmussaar & Vaindloo

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Location of the sites



General information

- The task was to provide electric power supply of remote radar stations, far from the national grid
- Previous generation was by diesel only
- Wind-diesel requested by the buyer because of high cost of diesel generation
- System type and supplier selected on a commercial basis – no subsidies involved

Organizations involved

- Estonian Border Guard
 Buyer and user of the radar stations
- Empower EEE AS
 Estonian company responsible for construction of the radar stations, including power supply
- PitchWind Systems AB
 Swedish Wind Hybrid Power
 System supplier selected by
 Empower
- ÅF-System AB
 Consulting company based in Sweden, hired by PitchWind
- Other sub-suppliers







Background: The "unknown" technical development in Sweden

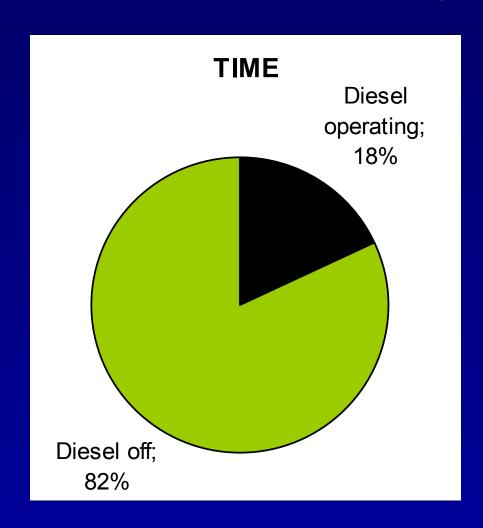
- Advanced development of wind turbines, e.g. technically successful light-weight designs by Nordic Windpower
- Diesel genset competence and equipment, e.g. Scania genset engines capable of low load operation
- Special wind-diesel competence pioneered by Chalmers University of Technology. This provided a base e.g. for PitchWind.

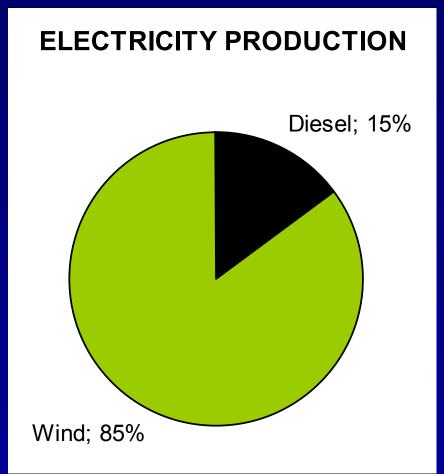




Osmussaar results

19 months of operation (December 2002 – July 2004)













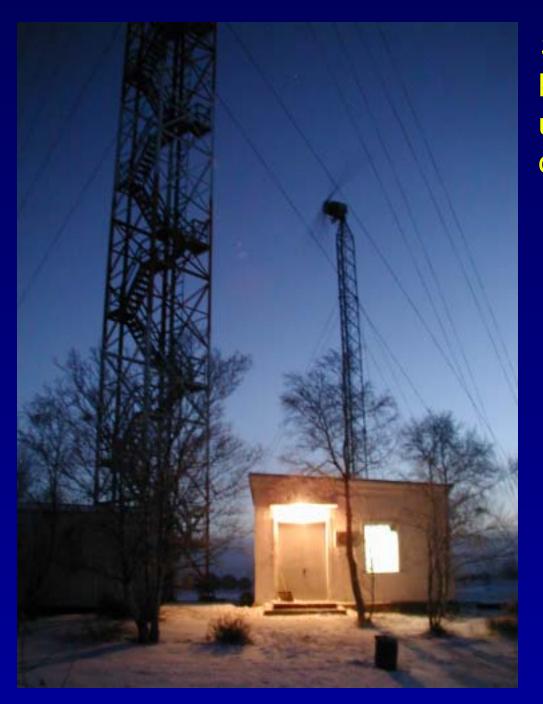


Wind turbine PW 30/14 (30 kW, Ø 14 m), delivered with PitchWind's Hybrid Control System (HCS)



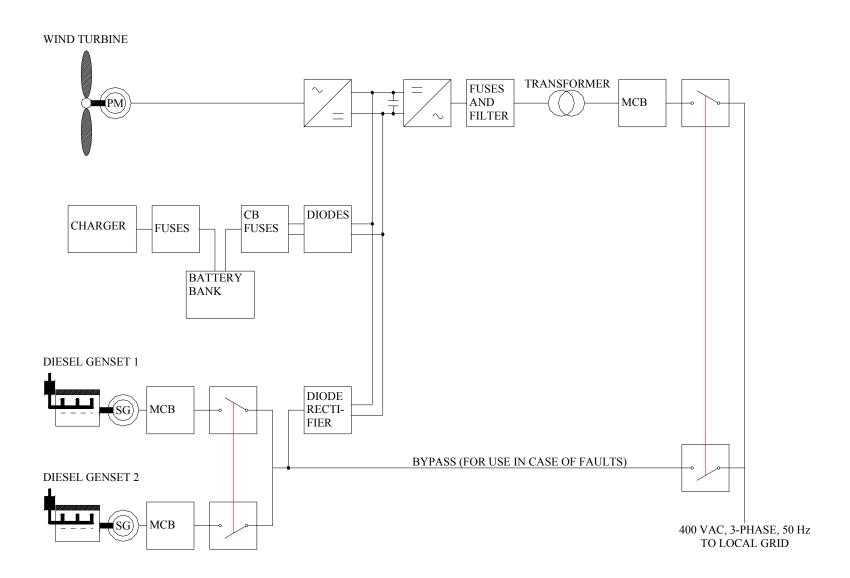
Two ordinary SDMO diesel gensets, each rated 32 kW (the reason for two gensets is redundancy)



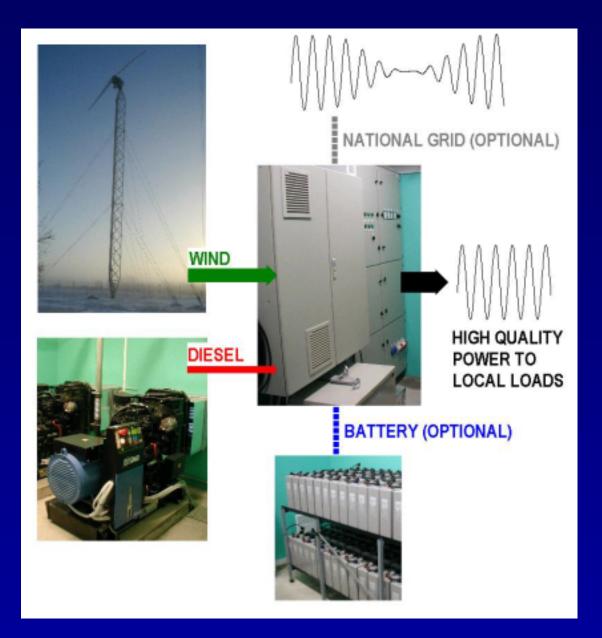


System is built for unmanned operation

Simplified circuit diagram



PitchWind's hybrid concept



- Scalable for power needs in the range
 10-200 kW
- Based on standard components
- Demand side
 management is an
 extra option
 (simplified by the
 open LonWorks
 control system)
- Other power sources can also be integrated





Climbing crane on Vaindloo



- Simplifies installation on remote sites
- No ordinary mobile crane needed
- Can be used also for very tall towers, where tilt-up towers are not convenient

Important lessons learned

- Thyristor controlled loads need special attention!
 They can cause the inverter to trip, unless special measures are taken to prevent this.
- Small isolated grids with three-phase supply sometimes have very unbalanced loads. It is an important characteristic of the frequency converter to be able to cope with these conditions and balance the load on the generators.
- Operators have sometimes made mistakes, e.g. by leaving the system with all diesel gensets turned off. The remote supervision by GSM has been very helpful to detect such problems in time, so this could be corrected before the batteries were empty!

Be aware of the mean dog on Vaindloo!

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